

Legislative Breakfast & Briefing

CCUS & Hydrogen: Exploring the
Complexities & Opportunities

May 2, 2023

About Team Pennsylvania

- 501c3 nonpartisan nonprofit organization founded in 1997
- Statewide, public-private partnership co-chaired by the Governor and a PA private sector leader
- Accelerate economic growth through public-private partnership

Areas of Impact



Agriculture



Energy



Life Sciences



Manufacturing

A Cross-Sector Collaborative is...

An action-oriented public-private partnership leveraging business and government, nonprofit organizations, academic institutions, and organized labor **to realize economic opportunities through collective action.**

Pennsylvania Energy Horizons Cross- Sector Collaborative

- Statewide network of leaders from industry, government, labor, nonprofits, & academia
- Create the conditions for innovative, technological, and market-driven solutions to decarbonize PA's economy while creating jobs
- Public-private partnership
- Catalyst & enabler for investment
- Driver of sustained, long-term commitment

Opportunities for Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS) and Hydrogen in Pennsylvania

- **Max Drickey**, Team Pennsylvania
- **Matt Fry**, Great Plains Institute
- **Adam Walters**, Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development

CCS and Hydrogen in Pennsylvania

Max Drickey, Energy Policy Fellow
Team Pennsylvania Foundation

Pennsylvania's Energy Mix

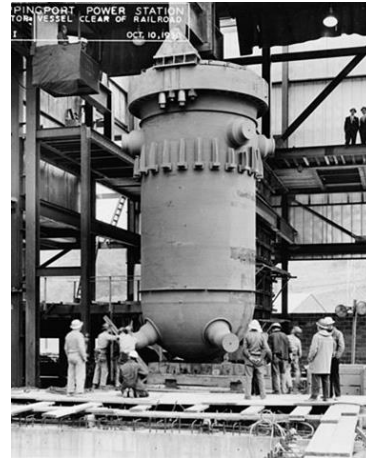
Energy Has a Long History in the Commonwealth



First US coal mine
Mt. Washington, 1740s



First Oil Well
Titusville, 1859



**First Nuclear
Reactor**
Shippingport, 1957



**First Hydraulic
Fracturing**
Warren Co., 1963

Energy is Still Critical to Pennsylvania's Economy

~20,000 jobs in **natural gas**,
GRP of \$11.8 billion in 2020

~15,000 jobs in **electricity**, GRP
of \$7 billion in 2021

~4,400 jobs in **coal mining**,
GRP of \$2 billion in 2020

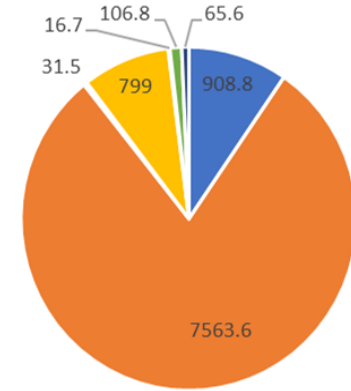
Pennsylvania is a Major Energy Exporter

2nd largest producer of energy in the US

2nd largest producer of natural gas and nuclear power

3rd largest producer of coal

Pennsylvania Energy Production Estimates (Trillion Btu)



- Coal
- Crude Oil
- Biofuels
- Noncombustible Renewables
- Natural Gas - Marketed
- Nuclear Electric Power
- Wood and Waste

Why change what's working for Pennsylvania?



Market Forces, Decarbonization, and The Role for CCS & H₂

Global Climate Change Requires Big Interventions

2021 US CO₂ goals:

- 50% reduction by **2030**
- “Net zero” by **2050**



2021 PA Climate Action Plan

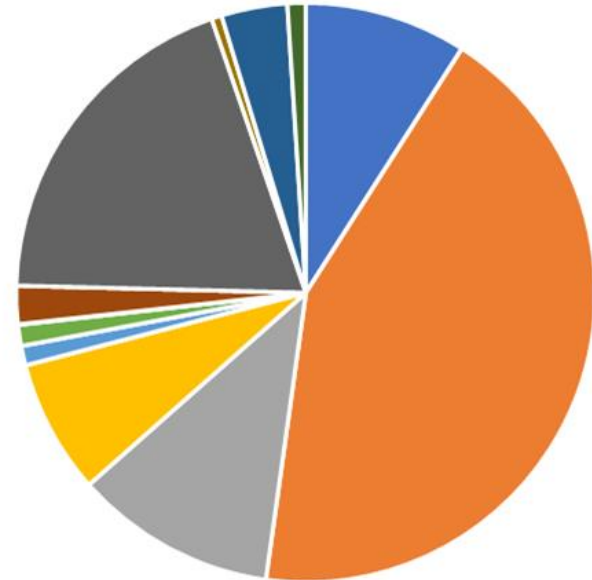
- 26% reduction by **2025**
- 80% reduction by **2050**



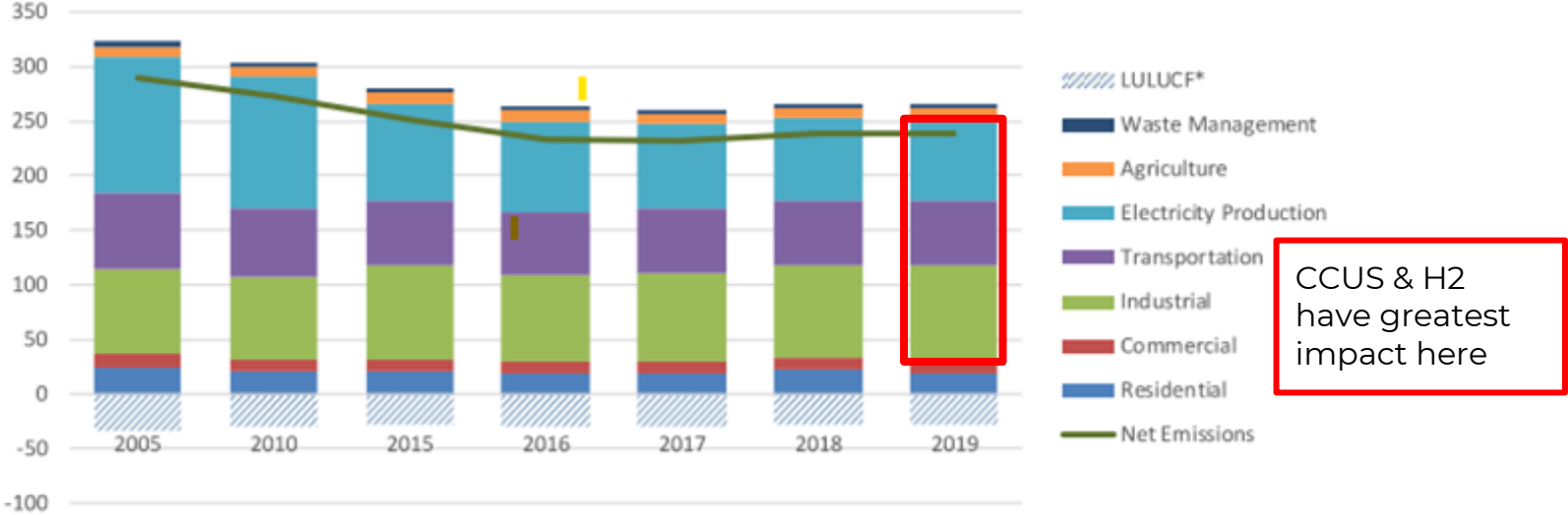
PA's Energy Demands Make Transition Difficult

- Coal
- Natural Gas
- Gasoline
- Distillate Fuel Oil
- Jet Fuel
- HGL
- Residual Fuel
- Other Petroleum
- Nuclear Electric Power
- Hydroelectric Power
- Biomass
- Other Renewables

Pennsylvania Energy Consumption Estimates
(Trillion Btu)



Pennsylvania Statewide Emissions (MMTCO₂e)



Source: [2022 Pennsylvania Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report](#), PA Department of Environmental Protection

CCUS and Hydrogen Solve Two Different Problems

CCUS

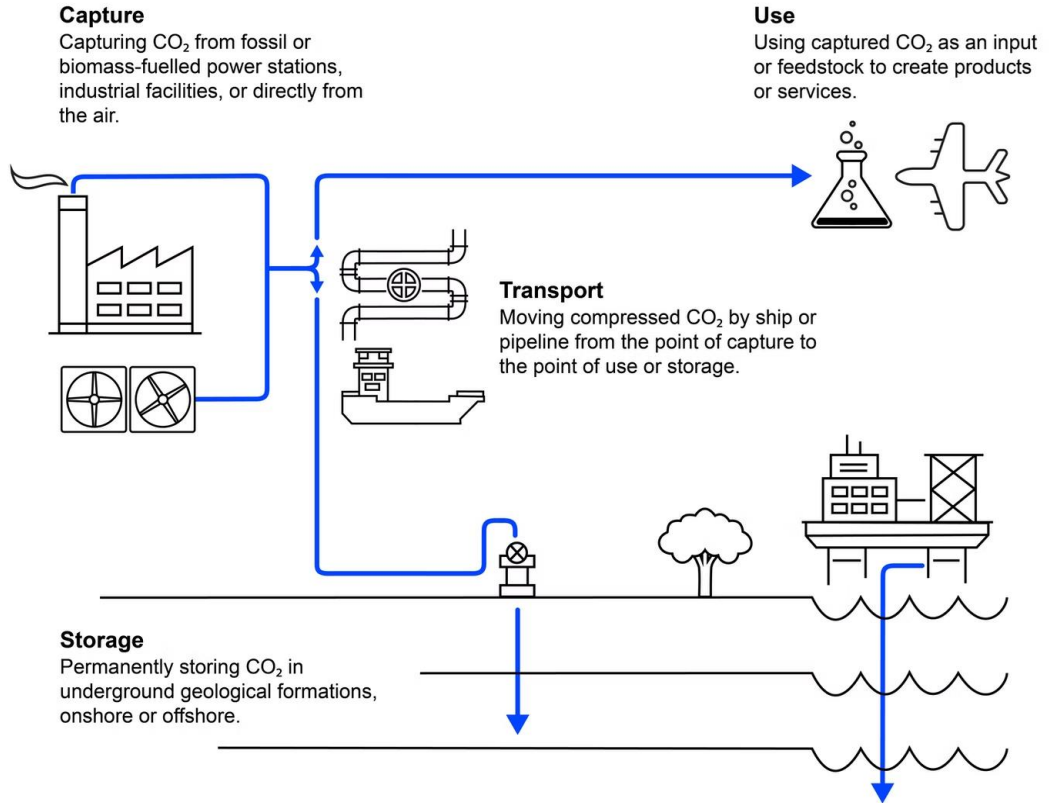
How do we make our current energy infrastructure cleaner?

Hydrogen

What is the future for carbon-intensive industries?

What is CCS?

Carbon Capture and Sequestration

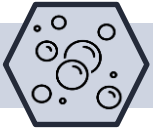


The Role for Hydrogen

Possible Applications Include



2.5x the energy of natural gas



Combustion produces H_2O , not CO_2



Familiar Tech & Infrastructure



Storable and dispatchable



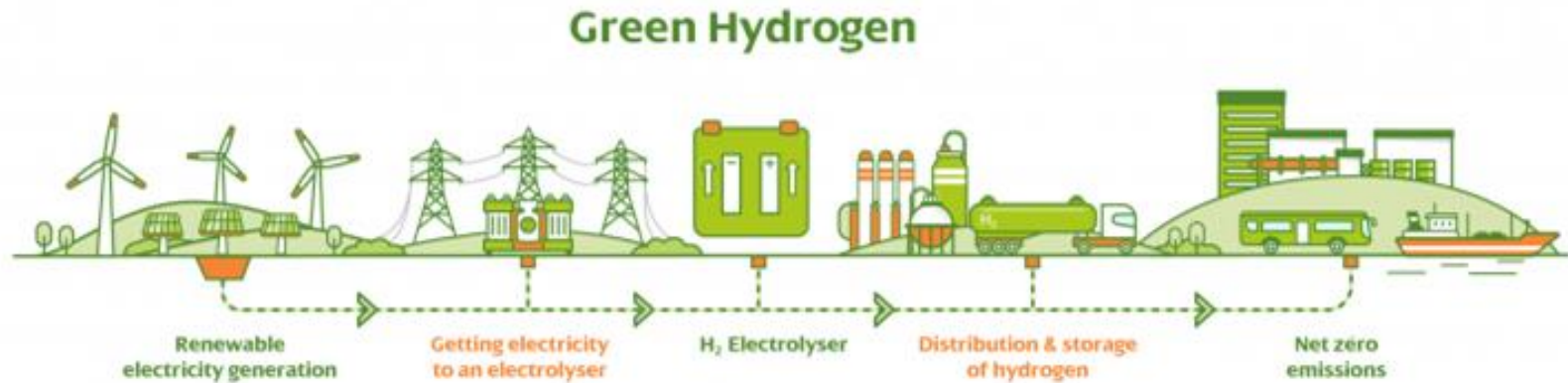
Power generation



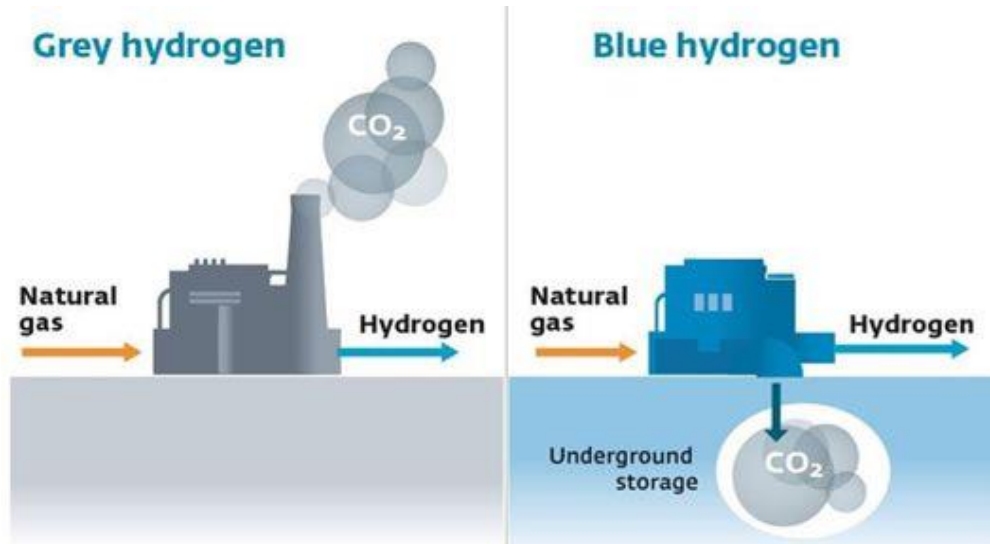
Heavy industry

Green Hydrogen

Clean electricity (wind, solar, hydro) is used to split $2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2$



Blue or Grey Hydrogen



Opportunities for CCS & H₂, Nationally & in Pennsylvania

Kickstarting a new economic segment takes investment:

- Capital
- Technical expertise
- Policymaking

Momentum is building in Pennsylvania:

- Pre-competitive cooperation between industry, labor, universities, and state government
- Strong federal support
- 3 highly competitive H2 Hub applications in Pennsylvania, and over 50 across the US



CCUS and Hydrogen Exploring Complexities and Opportunities

May 2, 2023

Matt Fry
Senior Policy Manager, Carbon Management
Great Plains Institute



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INSTITUTE**

Better Energy.
Better World.

Background on GPI

Overview and Mission

- Independent nongovernmental organization focused on energy policy and technology.
- Goal is to transform the energy system to benefit the economy and the environment.

Objectives

- Increase energy efficiency and productivity.
- Decarbonize electricity production.
- Electrify the economy and adopt zero and low-carbon fuels.
- Capture carbon for beneficial use and permanent storage.



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Carbon Management Program

Our goal is to expand and accelerate economywide commercial deployment of the entire suite of carbon management and industrial solutions by 2030, so that projects and infrastructure can then be scaled to meet midcentury climate goals.



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Road Map for the Deployment of Carbon Management and Hydrogen Projects in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

October 2022

PA Energy Horizons Cross-Sector Collaborative

*Prepared by the Great Plains Institute Carbon
Management Team on behalf of Team
Pennsylvania*

TEAM
PENNSYLVANIA



**GREAT PLAINS
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Bipartisan Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act

- **Signed into law November 15, 2021**
- **Includes core carbon management priorities:**
 - Full text of the SCALE Act
 - Funding for 2020 Energy Act authorizations to support commercial-scale demonstrations and FEED studies for carbon capture
 - Regional direct air capture hubs and hydrogen hubs
 - Direct Air Capture technology prize
 - Carbon capture demonstration projects
 - Grants for the commercialization of products and technologies utilizing CO₂



Technology Deployment & Cost Reductions



Bipartisan Infrastructure Investment & Jobs Act:

Large Scale Pilot Projects	\$937 M over four-year period
Demonstration Programs	\$ 2.537 B over four-year period
Direct Air Capture Technologies Prize Competitions	a) PRECOMMERCIAL.— \$15,000,000 for fiscal year 2022 (b) COMMERCIAL.— \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.
Carbon Utilization Program	\$310 M over five-year period
Carbon Capture Technology Program (front-end engineering and design program)	\$100 M over five-year period
Direct Air Capture Hubs (creates 4 regional DAC hubs)	\$3.5 B over five-year period
Regional Clean Hydrogen Hubs (supports at least 4 hydrogen hubs)	\$8 B DOE must select hubs by May 15, 2023



**Transport, Storage
Infrastructure
& Market
Development**

CO₂ Transport & Storage

The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, enacted this November, contains the bipartisan SCALE Act in its entirety.

- Carbon dioxide transportation infrastructure finance and innovation (CIFIA): \$2.1 billion over five-years
- Carbon storage validation & testing: \$2.5 billion over five years
- Secure geologic storage permitting (Class VI & primacy): \$75 million over 5 years

Inflation Reduction Act of 2022

Enhancements to 45Q

Multiyear Extension of the Commence Construction Window:

- Moving forward, any carbon capture, DAC, or carbon utilization projects that commence construction **before** January 1, 2033, will qualify for 45Q.

Direct Pay:

- Domestic manufacturing projects will receive direct pay for the first 5 years **after the carbon capture equipment is placed in service** (no direct pay for final 7 years of the credit).
- Nonprofit organizations and co-ops can receive direct pay for all 12 years of the credit.

Expanded Transferability:

- Allows the owner of the carbon capture equipment to transfer the credit to any other taxpaying entity. Under this option, the capture owner could receive a cash payment to transfer those credits and the cash payment would not be included in the capture owner's taxable income.

Inflation Reduction Act of 2022

Enhancements to 45Q (continued)

Dramatically Lower Capture Thresholds:

- Direct Air Capture: 1,000 metric tons/taxable year
- Electric Generating Facility: 18,750 metric tons/taxable year **and** paired with design capacity requirement below
- Any other facility: 12,500/taxable year

Enhanced Credit Values for Industry, Power and Direct Air Capture:

- **Industrial & power facilities:** \$85 per metric ton for industrial and power facilities that store captured CO₂ in saline geologic formations, \$60 for utilization of captured CO₂ and its precursor carbon monoxide to produce low and zero-carbon fuels, chemicals, building materials and other products, and \$60 for EOR.
- **Direct air capture facilities:** \$180 per metric ton for direct air capture projects that store captured CO₂ in geologic formations, \$130 for CO/CO₂ used to produce products and \$130 for EOR.

Design Capacity Requirement:

- Point-source capture projects on electric generating units will be required to design capture equipment to capture at least 75% of unit CO₂ production, subject to a review if facility emissions increase in future years.

Inflation Reduction Act of 2022

Clean Hydrogen Production Tax Credit

Hydrogen Production Tax Credit equivalent to kilograms of “clean” hydrogen produced multiplied by the applicable amount (\$0.60) multiplied by the applicable percentage (*rate below*)

Applicable percentage is determined by lifecycle GHG rates:

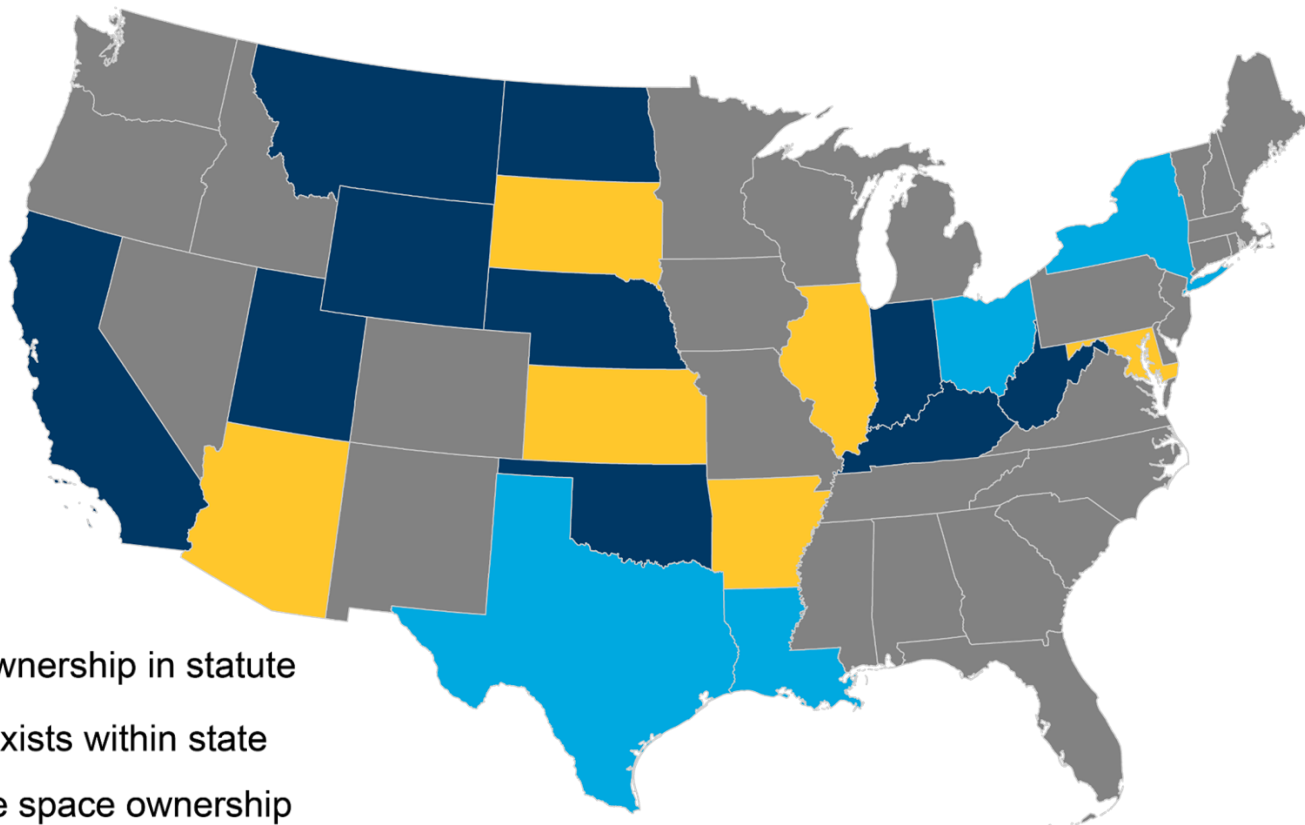
Between 4kg and 2.5kg CO₂e / kg H₂ = 20%

Between 2.5kg and 1.5kg CO₂e / kg H₂ = 25%

Between 1.5kg and 0.45kg CO₂e / kg H₂ = 33.4%

Less than 0.45kg CO₂e / kg H₂ = 100%

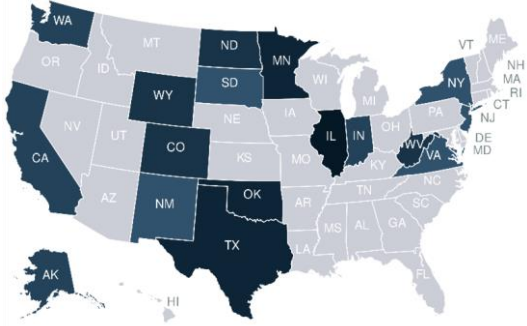
Pore Space Ownership Addressed in Statute



- Established pore space ownership in statute
- No statute, but case law exists within state
- Statute introduced for pore space ownership but not passed
- No statute or regulations were found

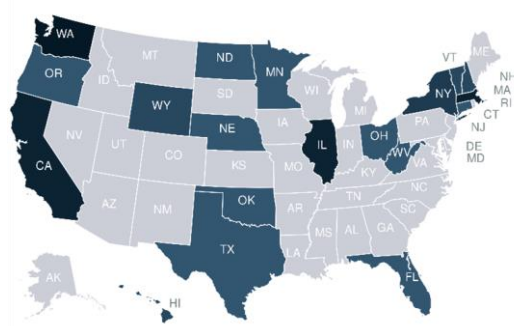
Underway: State Legislative Tracking

Carbon Management



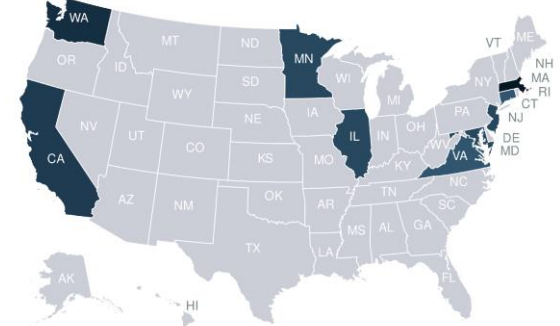
States are advancing bills related to Class VI Primacy, pore space ownership, liability, and regulatory frameworks.

Hydrogen



States are advancing bills related to workforce development, task force creation and strategic planning, clean heat standards, state grants and tax incentives, and federal funding.

Procurement

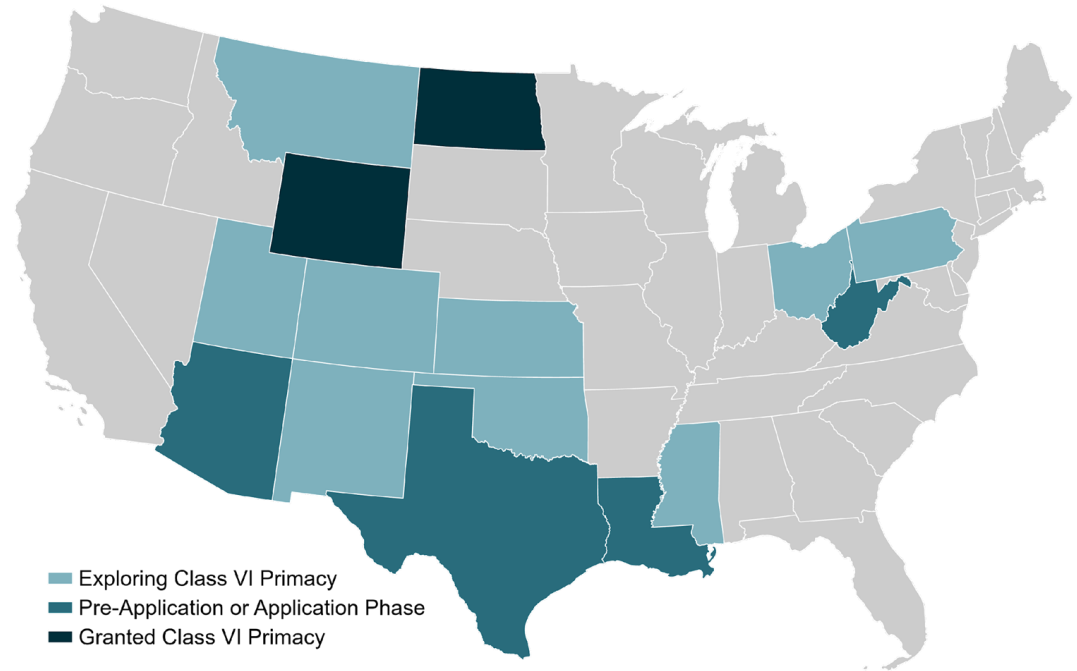


States are advancing bills related to environmental and labor reporting, and tax incentives for low-carbon materials.

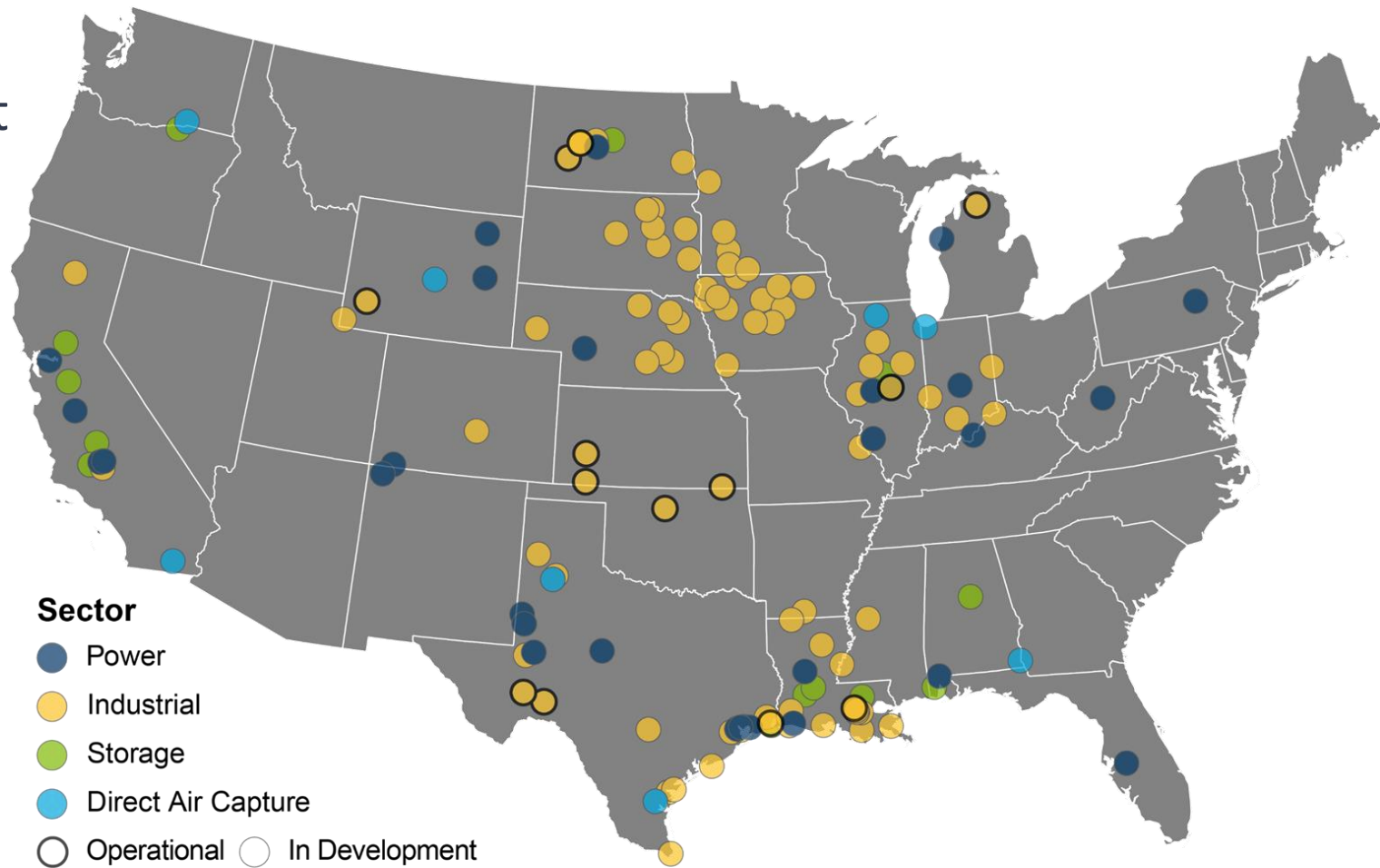
Class VI Primacy: Top Priority in Several States

- Assisting and elevating states Class VI efforts is a critical element for enabling saline storage under the current authorization of the reformed 45Q tax credit.
- States such as Louisiana, Oklahoma and Wyoming are laying the groundwork for carbon capture projects and associated infrastructure to become an integral part of our state, regional and national energy economy.
- States seek to create options for companies with significant CO₂ emissions to have the alternative to put that CO₂ to beneficial use and/or safely store it underground through EOR storage or saline storage.

Class VI Primacy Status 2022

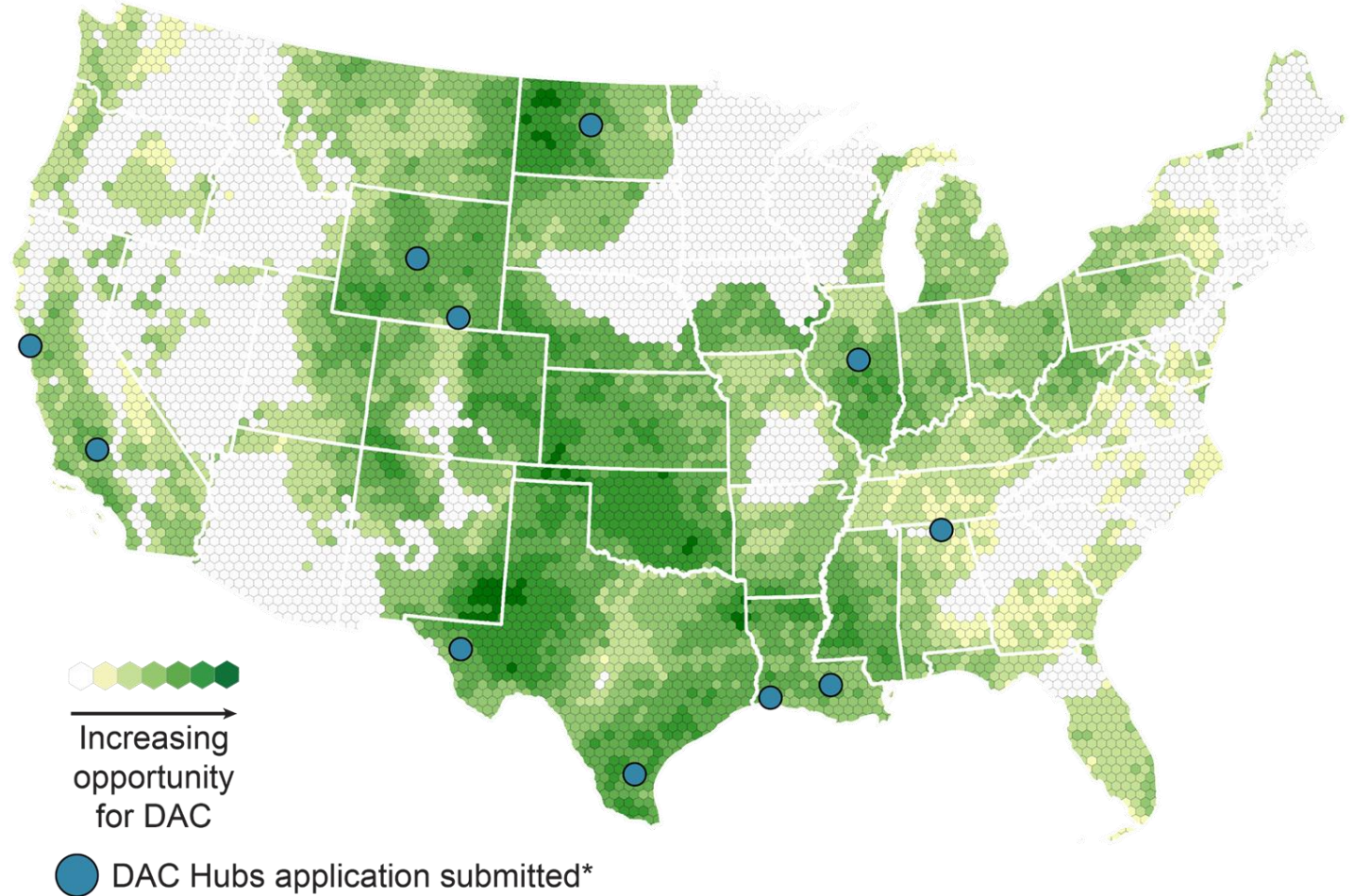


US carbon management projects



Source: CATF US Carbon Capture Activity and Project Table.
Accessed May 1, 2023

Regional DAC Hubs
Applications and
GPI's Atlas of Direct
Air Capture



*According to Reuters, April 18, 2023 (<https://www.reuters.com/world/us/facing-brutal-climate-math-us-bets-billions-direct-air-capture-2023-04-18/>)

Figure 1. Identified Encouraged Hydrogen Hubs in the United States



Thank You

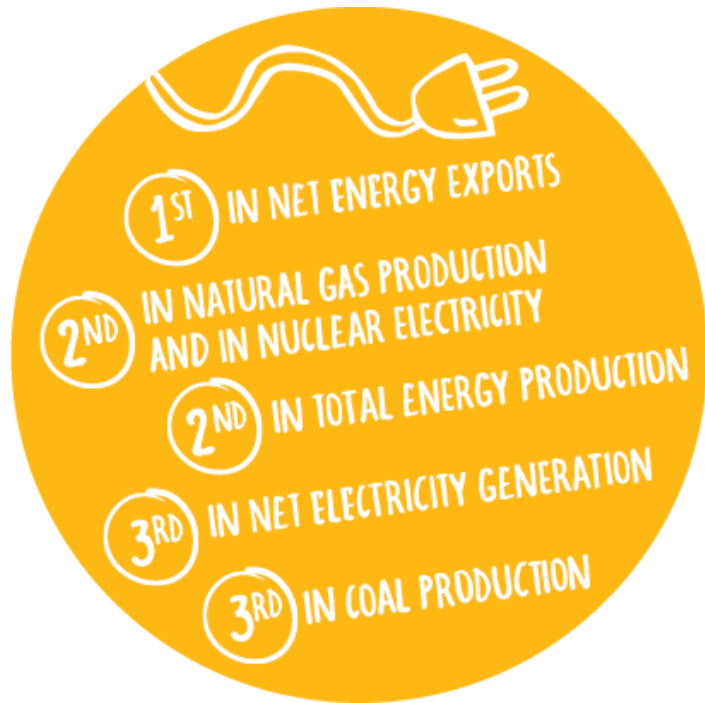
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POWERING PENNSYLVANIA'S ECONOMY



- Pennsylvania's energy resources play an important role in national energy production
- Opportunities for unparalleled economic growth:
 - Energy sector
 - Manufacturing
 - Reducing emissions throughout the economy
- Emerging as a national leader in energy transition

ENERGY-ENABLED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT



- Renewable Energy Deployment
- Distributed Generation
- Redevelopment Playbooks for Priority Brownfield Sites
- Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage
- Hydrogen Production and End-Use



PENNSYLVANIA ENERGY HORIZONS

DEVELOPING SCENARIOS TO INFORM PENNSYLVANIA'S ENERGY STRATEGY

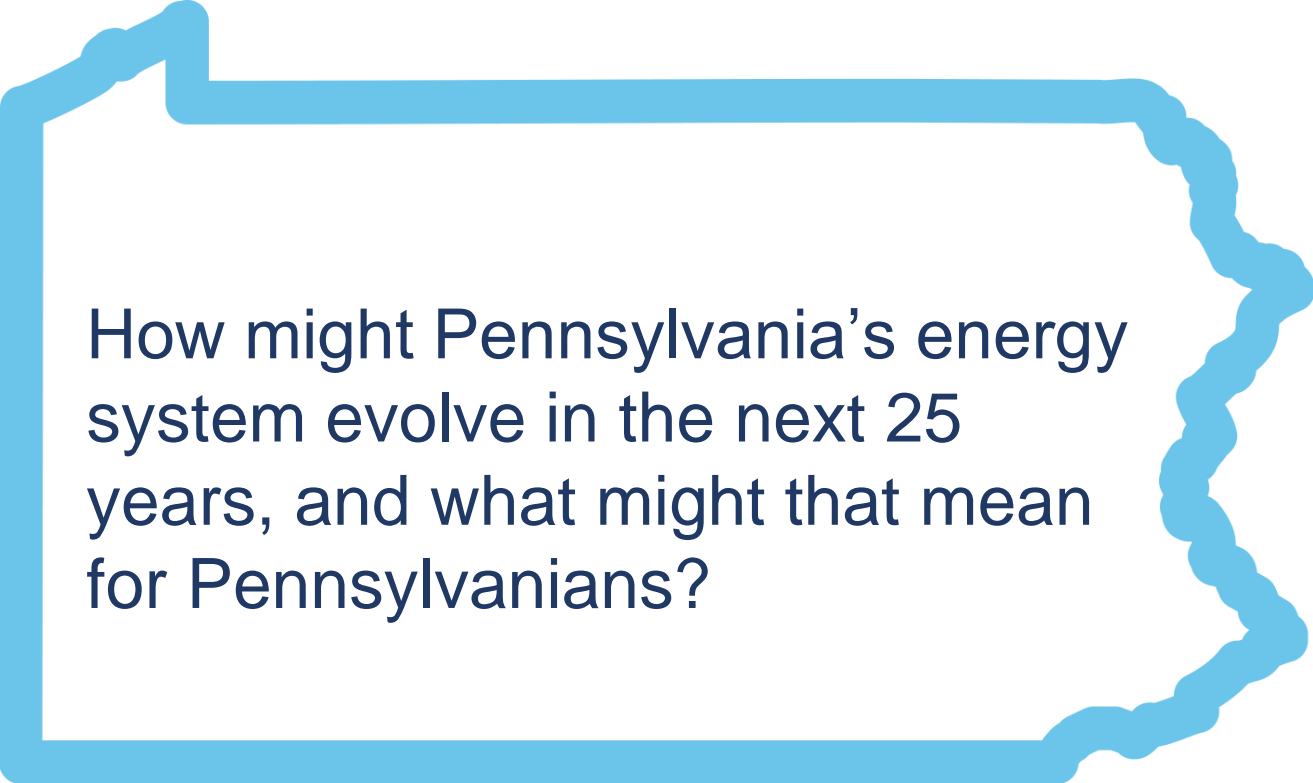


BROTHERS.

LOFTS

LOFTS

1884

A blue outline of the state of Pennsylvania is centered on a white background. Inside the outline, the following text is written in a dark blue, sans-serif font:

How might Pennsylvania's energy system evolve in the next 25 years, and what might that mean for Pennsylvanians?

WHY IS THIS A PIVOTAL MOMENT FOR PENNSYLVANIA?

- Convergence of interest among public and private sectors
- Pennsylvania Energy Horizons Cross-Sector Collaborative
- Will need to engage in this work with a long-term outlook
- Luckily, we have everything we need to lead in energy transition
- Solutions developed in Pennsylvania will be nationally and globally relevant

Panel Discussion

- **Matt Fry**, Great Plains Institute
- **Jacque Fidler**, CONSOL Energy
- **Ed Hill, Jr.**, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers
- **Chris Masciantonio**, U.S. Steel Corporation
- **John Walliser**, Pennsylvania Environmental Council

Interested in Participating?

Visit <https://teampa.com> and
<https://pennsylvaniaenergyhorizons.org/>

Contact our team at energy@teampa.com